

PEOPLE'S EDUCATION SOCIETY'S

SIDDHARTH COLLEGE OF LAW

FORT, MUMBAI - 400 001

PROSPECTUS

P. G. DIPLOMA COURSE



Ms. Sandhya F. Dokhe I/c. Principal

348, Anand Bhavan, 3rd Floor, Dr. D. N. Road, Fort, Mumbai - 400 001. Tel.: 022-22823935 Website: http://www.sclmumbai.in



Jucation Society People's

BHARAT RAT

der - Chairman Dr. B. R. AMBEDKAR M.A., Ph.D., D. (London), LL.D. (Columbia), D.Lit (Smania) Bar-at-Law



esent Governing Body ication Society, Mumb



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SIDDHARTH COLLEGE OF LAW



PEOPLE'S EDUCATION SOCIETY'S

SIDDHARTH COLLEGE OF LAW

Fort, Mumbai - 400 001. (Established in 1956)



BHARATRATNA

DR. B. R. AMBEDKAR

M.A., Ph.D., D.Sc. (London), LL.D. (Columbia), D.LIT. (Osmania) Bar-at-Law

Ms. SANDHYA F. DOKHE B.Sc., M.L.I.Sc., SET., LL.B.

I/c. PRINCIPAL

PROSPECTUS

- P. G. DIPLOMA IN LABOUR LAWS & LABOUR WELFARE (DLL & LW)
- P. G. DIPLOMA IN TAXATION LAW (D.T. L.)
- P. G. DIPLOMA IN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS (I.P.R.) (Affiliated to University of Mumbai)



"I am not an impatient idealist. I am not condemning the gradualist, who is prepared to wait and take things by instalments, although the gradualist, who has a valid claim for a rupee demands an anna and proclamis a great victory when he gets a pie, must became an object of pity. All I want is that if circumstances force us to be gradualist we must not fail to be realists. Before accepting an instalment we should examine it carefully and satisfy ourselves that it contains an acknowledgment of the whole claim. Otherwise, as often happens what is good for the moment turns out to be the enemy of the better."

- Dr. B. R. Ambedkar

"An ideal society should be mobile, should be full of channels for conveying a change taking place in one part to other parts. In an ideal society there should be many interests consciously communicated and shared. There should be varied and free points of contact with other modes of association. In other words, there should be social endosmosis. This is fraternity, which is only another name for democracy. Democracy is not merely a form of Government. It is primarily a mode of associated living, of conjoint communicated experience. It is essentially an attitude of respect and reverence towards fellowmen."

- Dr. B. R. Ambedkar



SIDDHARTH COLLEGE OF LAW

<u></u>	INDIA'S BEST COLLEGES THE INDIA TODAY - NIELSEN SURVEY RANKING ON THEMES									
1	. 0	P 25 LAW		y of c Input	Student Care	Infrastructure	ob Prospectus	Perceptual Rank	Factual Rank	Overall Score
Ove Ra	erall ink	Name of the Colleges	Reputation	Quality of Academic Input	Studen	Infrast	Job Pro	Percept		_
2014	2013		1	1	1	1	1	1	3	100
_	2	National Law School of India University (NLSIU) Banglore	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	97.78
1 2	1	National Academy of Legal Studies & Research Onto 1975	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	96.26
3	+	Enculty of Law, University of Delni, Delni	4	4	4	4	4	4	12	77.81
4	1	Cumbiocis Society's Law College, Purie	5	5	6	5	5	5	7	75.39
5	5	National Law Institute University (NLIU) Bhopai	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	71.23
6	10	Faculty of Law, Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh	6	6	5	6	6	6	14	68.99
- 7	9	LL S Law College, Pune	12	11	11	10	10	11	5	66.18
8	6	Guiarat National Law University, Gandhinagar	8	7	8	8	8	8	16	63.13
9	11	Faculty of Law, Banaras Hindu University, Varanasi	13	13	13	13	12	13	9	62.19
10	8	National Law Institute University, Jodhpur	10	10	10	11	11	10	13	61.40
11	12	Amity Law School, Delhi	15	15	15	15	15	15	9	60.36
12	13	Christ College of Law, Banglore	13	13	10	-				
13	-	School of Law & Legal Studies, Guru Gobind Singh Indraprashtha Univ. Delhi	17	17	17	18	20	17	6	57.40 57.21
14	-	Bharati Vidyapeeth's New Law College, Pune	23	23	22	24	24	24	4	
15	18	Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, (RGNUL), Patiala	23	23	23	23	22	23	11	51.89
16	15	Army Institute of Law, (AIL), Mohali	20	19	20	20	18	20		48.90
17	14	Government Law College, Mumbai	9	9	9	9	9	9	_	47.98
18	25	Department of Law, University of Kolkata, Kolkata	16	16	16	16	16	16	17	46.12
19	21	University College of Law Osmania University, Hydrabad	19	19	18	19	17	19	18	42 51
20	-	Institute of Law Kurukshetra University, Kurukshetra	18	17	18	17	19	18	19	42.55
21	20	Faculty of Law, Jamia, Millia, Islmia, Delhi	11	12	11	12	13	12	21	41.54
22	22	Faculty of Law, ICFAI University, (ICFAI Law School), Dehradun	14	14	14	14	14	14	21	39.69
23	24	Banglore Institute of Legal Studies, Banglore	25	25	25	25	25	25	23	26.05
24	·	SIDDHARTH COLLEGE OF LAW, MUMBAI	21	21	21	21	21	21	24	24.48
25		BR Ambedkar Law College, Hydrabad	22	22	23	22	23	22	25	20.01

National rankings are derived from a combination of perceptual and factual scores. Colleges that did not provide factual information were not ranked.

LAW COLLEGES ARE ACTIVELY PROMOTING EXTRA CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES SUCH AS INTERNSHIPS, MOOT COURT CONTESTS, JOURNAL WRITING AND FIELD WORK.



The People's Education Society founded in 1945 by Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar, M.A., Ph.D. D.Sc.(London), LL.D. (Columbia) D. LIT (Osm.) Bar-at-Law has been doing a yeoman's service to the cause of

education for well over a quarter of a Century. The People's Education Society's objective, as stated by Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar is not merely to give education but to give education in such a manner as to promote intellectual, moral and social democracy. This is what modern India needs and this is what all well wishers of India must promote. \dot{D}_{L} Babasaheb Ambedkar, with his prophetic vision and celestial wisdom started a chain of colleges as he was convinced that education was an instrument for social transformation and national regeneration. This is more particularly true in the case of Law College which will give an opportunity to those who aspire to pursue a legal profession.

The Dr. Ambedkar College of Law is affiliated to the University of Mumbai and recognised by the Bar Council of India and admits students $for the \, Courses \, in \, Law \, prescribed \, by \, the \, Mumbai \, University \, for \, the \, B.G.L.$ / LL.B and Diploma in Labour Laws and Labour Welfare and also Diploma in Taxation Laws Examinations. The College is situated opposite to the Wadala B. E. S. T. Depot and is equidistant from DADAR & WADALA Railway Stations.

♦ ELIGIBILITY CERTIFICATE ♦

No student from any other University, will be admitted to the College unless he produces a Provisional Eligibility Certificate from the Registrar of the Mumbai University, Eligibility Department, Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Bhavan, Vidyanagari, Santacruz, Mumbai - 400 098.

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SIDDHARTH COLLEGE OF LAW

A) HOW TO OBTAIN THE PROVISIONAL ELIGIBILITY CERTIFICATE

- Apply personally to the College Office for obtaining the Eligibility Certificate.
- ii) Fill in the forms in all respects & Along with your Original three years Marklist + two attested true copies and necessary fees, submit the same to the counter of the College Office within two or three days.
- iii) After completion of the procedure, you will get the Provisional Eligibility Certificate within a couple of weeks.
- iv) Produce the same Certificate to this College for your admission.

B) HOW TO CONFIRM YOUR ELIGIBILITY:-

- 1. Within one month from the date of your admission, submit to the College office the following Certificates in Original alongwith two attested true copies of each.
 - a) Migration Certificate
 - b) Passing Certificate, Degree Certificate and 3 year Marksheet.
- 2. No student will be allowed by the University to pursue any TWO COURSES simultaneously in the same University.
- 3. If a student leaves one College to join another, it will be necessary for him to count the days of attendance kept by him in more than one college to enable him to make up the necessary number of days attendance. A Transference Certificate shall not be granted except for reasons which appear to the Authorities to be sufficient and except with the written permission of the Principal of the College which the student wants to join.

Students who have kept terms for any examination conducted by

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the University shall not be permitted to appear for the Examination, if they fail to avail themselves of the benefit of the terms kept by them for the examination during the Course of Five Years i.e. in one of the five consecutive examinations if the examination is held once a year or in one of the ten consecutive examinations, if the examination is held twice a year commencing from the academic year 1961-62. For such of the students who have already kept terms for any University Examination, the period of five years shall be counted from the First half of the Calender year 1962.

♦ TRANSFER CERTIFICATE ♦

Students coming from the other colleges affiliated to the Mumbai University are admitted only provisionally pending receipt of Transfer Certificate from their previous College.

Application in the prescribed form should be submitted to previous college in the university. The admission will not be final without the production of the Transfer Certificate and will be cancelled in the event of the failure to produce Transfer Certificate before the end of the First Term in which they seek admission. Students are required to pay the T. C. Fees direct to their previous college and arrange to get the said certificate. Application forms for T. C. will be sent to the previous College. The responsibility of getting the said Certificate lies with the students.



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PEOPLE'S EDUCATION SOCIETY'S

SIDDHARTH COLLEGE OF LAW

Anand Bhavan, Dr. D. N. Road, Fort, Mumbai - 400 001.

FEES STRUCTURE OF DIPLOMA COURSES

Sr. Heads of Fees Rates of Fees (Rs.)

or. Heads of rees (Rs.)								
No.	Heads of Fees	DLL & LW	I.P.R.	D. T. L.	D. CRIN.			
1)	Tuition Fees	5000	5000	5000	5000			
2)	Library Fees	175	175	175	175			
3)	Gymkhana Fee	300	300	300	300			
4)	Extra-Curricular Act.	625	625	625	625			
5)	Admission Fees	50	50	50	50			
6)	Magazine Fees	100	100	100	100			
7)	I.C./Lib.Card Fees	60	60	60	60			
8)	Group Insurance	40	40	40	40			
9)	Student Welfare Fees	25	25	25	25			
10)	Utility Fees	100	100	100	100			
11)	Development Fees	500	500	500	500			
12)	Test Fees	500	500	500	500			
13)	Mark-sheet Fees	25	25	25	25			
14)	Passing Cert. & other	25	25	25	25			
15)	E-Charge Fees	20	20	20	20			
16)	Journals Fees	100	100	100	100			
17)	Training Programme	1530	1530	1530	1530			
18)	Uni. Registration Fees	825	825	825	82			
-	Total	10000	10000	10000	10000			

Prov. Eligi. Cert. Charges Other than Mumbai Uni. in Mah. State Rs. 220/-Prov. Eligi. Cert. Charges Out of Maharashtra State University Rs. 320/ Enrollment Fees Other than Mumbai University Rs. 220/-

Eligibility Fee:

Within Maharashtra - Rs. 220/- (Other than Mumbai University)

Other States - Rs. 320

(Eligibility Fee should be paid at the time of admission)

¹⁾ Bonafide / No Objection Certificate : 25/- 2) T. C. Fees : 100/-

³⁾⁻Transcript Fees (Copy 5): 1000/-

⁴⁾ Ex-Student fees (for Exam. Form): 100/-



Pandemic Situation of Covid - 19

PEOPLE'S EDUCATION SOCIETY'S

SIDDHARTH COLLEGE OF LAW

Anand Bhavan, Dr. D. N. Road, Fort, Mumbai - 400 001.

FEES STRUCTURE OF DIPLOMA COURSES

Circular No. Concol/LL.B. Fees 293/of 2008 Dated 7th July 2008

No. Heads of Fees DLL & LW I.P.R. D. T. L.							
No	No. Heads of Fees DLL & LW I.P.R.						
1)	Tuition Fees	5000	5000	5000			
2)	Library Fees	88	. 88	88			
3)	Gymkhana Fee	150	150	150			
4)	Extra-Curricular Act.	313	313	313			
5)	Admission Fees	50	50	50			
6)	Magazine Fees	0	0	0			
7)	I.C./Lib.Card Fees	60	60	60			
8)	Group Insurance	40	40	40			
9)	Student Welfare Fees	0	0	0 -			
10)	Utility Fees	300	300	300			
11)	Development Fees	375	375	375			
12)	Test Fees	500	500	500			
13)	Journal Fees	100	100	100			
14)	Mark-sheet Fees	25	25	25			
15)	Passing Cert. & other	25	25	25			
16)	E-Charge Fees	20	20	20			
17)	Training Programme	1530	1530	1530			
18)	Uni. Registration Fees	825	825	825			
19)	Uni. Enrollment Fees	220	220	220			
	9621						
Prov. Eligi. Cert. Charges Other than Mumbai Uni in Mah State, De 220/-							
Prov. Eligi. Cert. Charges Out of Maharashtra State University Re. 220/							
Enrolln	nent Fees Other than Mumb	ai University		Rs. 220/-			
16.220							



SIDDHARTH COLLEGE OF LAW

♦ PROCEDURE CONCERNING THE ADMISSION ◆

- $1. \quad For filling \, the \, Admission \, Form, the \, applicant \, must \, come \, personally$ to college.
- 2. The Application form for admission should be duly filled in and signed by the student himself / herself.

♦ COLLEGE MERIT PRIZES ♦

All the students must appear for the College Terminal / Preliminary examinations and also the University Examinations. Prizes are awarded to students securing highest marks in the University Examinations.

♦ EXTRA CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES ♦

The college conducts extra-curricular activities during every academic year under the guidance of the constituted commitee. Moot Courts, Legal Aid and Advice, Legal Aid Serivce Counter, Socio-legal surveys, Para-legal courses, Lok Nyayalays, Education and Debating Competitions, Sports and Festival Cricket, Publication of Magazine, the Celebration of Annual Social Day, Seminars, Conferences, Special Lectures, Court Attendance, Picnic and Cultural Programmes are the special features of the college activities.

♦ TERMINAL & PRELIMINARY EXAMINATIONS ◆

The College holds the terminal and preliminary examinations at the end of Academic Year.

♦ LIBRARY ♦

The College Library will remain open from 10.00 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. on all working days from Monday to Friday and on Saturday it will be open till 7.00 p.m.

TEXT BOOK SECTION: This section stocks recent editions of Text Books. The students can borrow one book at a time against their



Identity Cards / Library Cards. The books in this section are meant for Identity Larus / Borary Reading Hall only. Lists of the books in this reading in the Library Reading Hall only. Country Barrier Hall brank Barrier Hall reading in the Library Counter. Besides the Text section are kept in the table near the Library Counter. Books Students can get Bare Text of the prescribed acts. University Examination, Question papers and College Examination papers also form this section.

2. LENDING SECTION: Students can borrow copies of their Text Books for Home Reading from this Section. Generally the students can get One Book for One Week from this section. Extension can be granted if possible. A fine of Rs. 10/- per week or part of it will be charged if a book is not returned within a given time. If book is lost, cost is recovered from the student in cash.

3. Ex-students of the college will be permitted with the prior permission from the Principal to read in the College Library, Subject to the availability of the accommodation on payment of a Library fee of Rs. 500/-for a period of 1 month.

♦ LIBRARY RULES ♦

Every student must submit his / her valid Identity Card / Library Card at the entrance to the library and reading room.

Pencil or ink marking and writing on the library books, pages or pictures of books or any other way of mutilating the books will be treated as breach of Library Discipline. The last reader will be held responsible unless he / she points out to the Librarian at the time of issue that the book has been previously marked or pages removed. Failing this the reader will be liable for a fine.



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- The Reference Books, Question Paper sets, Dictionaries etc. will be issued for reference in the Reading Room only and on no account they should be ken out of reading room.
- Students must refrain from disturbing their neighbours in the Library and Reading room. Smoking is strictly prohibited in the Library.
- The student should immediately inform the Librarian any loss, damage of the book borrowed by him / her on the Library Card.
- Any matter not covered by these rules will rest at the absolute (e) discretion of the Principal and Librarian.
- Students should not bring their precious belongings to the Library. If such things are lost, the Library will not be responsible for it.
- Students should maintain complete silence in the reading Hall. (g)
- (h) Students should contact the Librarian to solve their problems. They should not argue with the staff on duty.
- (i) Voilation of these rules will lead to inposition of fine.

♦ REFUND OF FFES ♦

0.2859: REFUND OF TUITION, DEVELOPMENT AND ALL OTHER FEES AFTER CANCELLATION OF ADMISSIONS:

The candidates who have taken admission in aided and unaided courses conducted by affiliated Colleges, and in recognized Institutions may request for refund of fees after applying in writing for cancellation of their admission to the course. The refund of fees as applicable shall be made on or before the 30th day after the date of cancellation. The percentage of fee for the course shall be refunded to the candidate after deducting charges as follows:



PERIOD & PERCENTAGE OF DEDUCTION CHARGES

PERIOD & LECT			(ii)		(iii)	
(i) Prior to commencement of academic term and instruction of the course.		com of ac	oto 20 days after the nmencement cademic term the course.	From 21st days upt 50 days after comm -ncement of the academic term of the course.		
Education Charges	Rs. 400/- Lumpsum		% of the total ount of fees.		30% of the total amount of fees.	
	(iv)		(v)		(vi)	
	From 51st day upto 80 days after the commencement of academic term of the course of August 31st whichever is earlier. 50% of the total amount of fees.		From Septembe 1st to Septembe 30th.		After September 30th.	
Education Charges			60% of the t amount of fe		100% of the total amount of fees.	

Note: The total amount considered for the refund of fees from the commencement of a cademic term of the courses includes the following

- i) All the fee items for one year (excluding tuition fee for the second term) mentioned in the revised fee structure for Arts, Science & Commerce faculties vide University circular No. CONCOL / FEE / 190 of 2003 and in case of courses under other faculties, the total amount is as fixed by other competent authorities of Government of Maharashtra.
- ii) The Fee component out of all fee in the column number ii, iii and iv (i.e. From commencement of academic term up to August 31st) includes the following items in the deduction charges: Tuition fee (of the first term only), Laboratory fee, Library fee,

SIDDHARTH COLLEGE OF LAW

Gymkhana fee, Other fee, Extra Curricular Activities fee, Students' Welfare Fund, Utility Fees, Development Fund, Computer Practical Fee and E-charge.

iii) In addition to the above, for the period of September 1st to 30th (column number v) the following items are also included: $Industrial\ Visit, Vice-Chancellor\ fund, Project\ fee, University\ sports$ and cultural activities and Group insurance.

Fee collected for Identity Card and Library Card , Admission Form and Prospectus, Enrollment and any other course specific fee are $not \, refundable \, after \, the \, commencement \, of \, the \, academic \, term.$

`The fee collected against the particulars of Magazine, Examination and Project are to be fully refunded for cancellation before September 30th.

All refundable deposits (Caution Money and Library etc.) shall be fully refunded at the time of cancellation.

♦ IDENTITY CARD ♦

A student on admission has to keep with him an Identity Card (obtainable from the office) bearing his Name, Roll No., Class, Division, Signature and Photograph, duly signed by the Principal. The Identity Card has to be produced on demand on the premises of the College. No student is eligible for using the Library Books or for participating in the College sports and Annual Gathering unless he possesses the authorised Identity Card of the College. The duplicate Identity Card will be issued to the regular student on the payment of Rs. 100/-

♦ GENERAL ♦

l. Every student will be issued an Identity Card immediately after his / her admission to the College. He / she must carry the Card with, his/



her photograph affixed on it and must produce it for inspection on demand.

- 2. Students are expected to take proper care of the College Property and to help in keeping the premises neat and tidy. Any damage done to the property of the College by disfiguring walls, doors, furniture etc. is a breach of discipline.
- 3. Students shall abide by the rules made by the College authorities in regard to conduct of the students both in and out of the College.

♦ COLLEGE ATTENDANCE ◆

Rules of Mumbai University regarding attendance are as given below.

Faculty of Law	First Term	Second Term
	Three fourth of the	Three Fourth of the
	days on which	days on which
	lectures are delivered	lectures are delivered

♦ RULES OF ADMISSION ♦

- 1) Right of admission is reserved by the Principal.
- 2) A student seeking admission to the college shall present himself with an application in the prescribed form duly filled in and signed by him / her with documents mentioned in the Admission form.
- 3) No admission shall be regarded as duly granted unless it is granted by the Principal and necessary fees have been received by the College.
- 4) An Eligibility Certificate from the Mumbai University (Provisional or Final) is essential in the case of student migrating from any University other than the Mumbai University and it must be $attached \, to \, his \, \textit{/} \, her \, application \, for \, admission \, in \, original.$



SIDDHARTH COLLEGE OF LAW

- An Identity card will be issued by the College after the student has submitted three latest photographs. This Identity Card is to be returned to the College Office without fail when the student leaves the College. Students of the College, when they are on the premises of the College, must carry with them their Identity Cards.
- 6) If it is subsequently found that any of the statements of the applicant is incorrect his / her admission may be cancelled without refund of fees.
- 7) All admissions are provisional until all necessary certificates such as Final Eligibility Certificate etc. are submitted to the College.

♦ GENERAL UNIVERSITY RULES ♦

- 1) No student will be allowed by the University to pursue two University Courses simultaneously.
- 2) If a student leaves one college to join another after the completion of a term or terms it will be necessary for him / her to obtain no objection certificate from the Principal of the College.

♦ WORKING HOURS ♦

Lecture Timing	DLL & LW	4.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m.		
and Day	D. T. L. &	3.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m.		
On Saturday only	I. P. R.	4.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m.		
Cash Counter Timing	Mon. to Fri.	10.30 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.		
Library	Saturday	10.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.		



♦ MINIMUM QUALIFICATION FOR ADMISSION ♦

Candidates seeking admission for DLL & LW, DTL and DIPR must have passed the Bachelor's Degree Examination of this University in any faculty or a corresponding degree examination of any other University recognised as equivalent thereto.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR DIPLOMA COURSES

♦ P. G. DIPLOMA IN LABOUR LAWS & LABOUR WELFARE ♦

Every candidate for admission to the course for the Diploma in Labour Laws and Labour Welfare must have passed the Bachelor's degree examination in any faculty either of this University or of other University whose examination is recognised as equivalent to the $corresponding\, examination\, of this\, University.$

The duration of the course shall be one academic year, There shall be two lectures of 50 minutes per week per paper. The rules with regard to attendance for the diploma shall be the same as in the Faculty of Law. The Diploma examination shall be held at the end of every academic year on the dates to be announced by the University.

Candidates will be examined in the following subjects:

- 1. Industrial Relations
- 2. Social Security Legislation
- 3. Law of Wages and Principles of Wage Fixation
- 4. Legislation affecting conditions of work; and
- 5. Field Work

The following are the syllabi in the various subjects of the examination.



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Paper I - Industrial Relations

- 1. Industrial Disputes Act 1947.
- 2. The Trade Union Act. 1926.
- 3. Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946.
- 4. Industrial Employment (Standing Order) Act.
- 5. MRTU Act 1971

Paper II - Social Security Legislation

- 1. Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923.
- 2. Employee's Provident Fund Act, 1952
- 3. Employee's State Insurance Act 1948.
- 4. The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961.
- 5. Bombay Labour Welfare Act, 1953.

Paper III - Law of Wages and Principles of Wage Fixation

- 1. The Minimum Wages Act, 1948
- 2. The Payment of Wages Act, 1936
- 3. The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965

Paper IV - Legislation affecting conditions of work

- 1. The Factories Act, 1948
- 2. The Plantation Labour Act, 1951.
- 3. The Dock Labour Act
- 4. The Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Act, 1948 (Along with Amendment Act, 1962)
- 5. Mines and Minerals (Regulations and Development) Act, 1957
- 6. The Mines Act, 1952
- 7. The Bombay Shop and Establishment Act, 1948



Paper V - Field Work:

Field Work and Viva-Voce It shall consist of the following:

(a) Maintaining Journal 20 Marks Every student will be required to keep a journal of the Field Work done during the course of his study.

(b) Study tour reports It shall include visits to Mines, Industrial Courts, Government 4) Central and State Sales Tax Laws Departments, Labour Union Offices. Employee's State Insurance Corporation Offices, Labour Welfare Centres, Labour Colonies etc as assigned.

(c) Viva-Voce The field work and viva-voce shall be examined by the teacher $i_{\rm h}$ charge of the field work in the Institution concerned and one $\sigma_{\rm I}$ more external examiners appointed by University of Mumbai.

The journals and study tour reports must reach the University at least three weeks before the Commencement of the examination.

♦ P. G. DIPLOMA COURSE IN TAXATION LAWS ♦

Every candidate for the admission to the course for the Diploma in Taxation Laws must have passed the Bachelor's degree examination in any faculty either of this university or of other University whose examination is recognised equivalent to the corresponding examination of this University.

The duration of the course shall be one academic year. There shall be two lectures of 50 minutes per week per paper. The rules with regard to attendance for the Diploma shall be the same as in the Faculty of Law.

SIDDHARTH COLLEGE OF LAW

The Diploma examination shall be held at the end of every academic year on the dates to be announced by the University.

Candidates will be examined in the following subjects of the examinations.

- 1) General Laws affecting Taxation.
- 2) Income Tax

- 5) Book Keeping and Accountancy

The following are the syllabi in the various subject of the examinations.:

PAPER I - GENERAL LAWS AFFECTING TAXATION

- Constitution: Procedure for enactment of Tax; The Legislative competence; Freedom of Trade and Commerce.
- Hindu Law:
- Persons to whom law applies.
- Mitakshara concept of members and coparcener in Hindu Law with reference to their rights.
- Intestate and testamentary succession in respect of coparcenary interest and separate property, Joint tenancy in Common.

3. Indian Partnership:

- a. Essentials of a valid partnership, Definitions of partnership, partner, firm and firm name.
- Relations of partner to one another, effect of admission of minor to the benefit of partnership.
- Relation of partners to third parties.

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Transfer of Property Act.:

Concept of immovable property

Conceptofimmovable property through sale. Effect of immovable property through sale.

Registration of document of transfer.

Transfer by gifts, Liability of Universal donee.

c. Fraudulent Transfer. d.

Transfer of actionable claims. e.

Evidence Act 5.

Opinions of Experts a.

Facts when need not to be proved. b.

Public and Private documents. c.

Burden of proof d.

Examination and cross examination of witness. e.

Civil Procedure Code:

Issue and service of summons to witness and other parties a.

Inherent powers of authorities conducting Judicial proceedings,

Indian Trust Act: 7.

Settler, Trustee and Beneficiary

Essentials of a valid trust. b.

Obligations in the nature of trust. c.

Duties of trustees. d.

Discretionary trusts.

Indian Succession Act:

Execution of privileged and unprivileged wills. a.

b. Registration of wills.

Procedure regarding probate, letters of administration & succession certificates.

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PAPERII :-

Income Tax

Income Tax Act, 1961 as amended upto date. (Characters IX, X, XI, XII, XVIII & XX - A Omitted)

PAPER-III:-

Wealth and Gift Tax

l. Wealth Tax Act, 1957 as amended upto date.

2. Gift Tax Act, 1958 as amended upto date.

PAPER IV:-

Central and Sales Tax Laws Central Sales Tax, Act 1956. Bombay Sales Tax, 1959.

PAPER V:-

Book Keeping and Accountancy Suggested Readings

- 1. Double Entry Book-keeping by J. R. Batliboy
- 2. Advanced Accounting by J. R. Batliboy
- 3. Practical Auditing by Ghatalia
- 4. Practical Book Keeping and Accountancy by Nanbhoy S. Davar

The course for Paper V (Book-Keeping and Accountancy) of the Diploma in Taxation Laws

will be the following:

Fundamentals of Double entry Book-Keeping, Cash Book, Ledger, Subsidiary Books, Journal, etc. including rectification of errors, Types of Cash-book, reconciliation statement.



- Bill Transactions including Accommodation Bills.
- Bill Transactions and Profit and Loss Account, Preparation Manufacturing and Trial Balance sheet-Location of Difference in Trial Balance sheet-Location of Difference in Trial Balance PAPERI: INTRODUCTION TO LEGAL CONCEPTS & LEGAL SYSTEMS: Suspense Account.
- Receipts and payments statement and Income and Expenditure Account. Distinction between Capital and Revenue expenditure.
- Account District Single entry system of accounts and preparation of Final statements from incomplete records.
- Partnership accounts excluding the following:
 - a. Sale to or conversion into a limited company
 - b. Distribution of assets (including cash) amongst the partners on dissolution.
- Departmental Accounts. 7.
- $Consignment and Joint Venture\ Accounts.$
- Accounts of Limited Companies including issue of shares and Debentures but excluding Debentures and Preference Shares redemption transactions and also excluding the following:
 - a. Amalgamation, Absorption and Reconstruction
 - b. Holding Companies Insurance and Banking companies.
 - c Double Account System.
- 10. Methods of Depreciation and various types of reserves and provisions.
- 11. Valuation of Goodwill.



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P. G. DIPLOMA COURSE IN INTELLECTUAL

Sources of law:

Constitution Statutory Common law International treaties & laws Customary Equality:

Natural & legal persons Individuals-Citizens Association of persons Parmership, H.U.F.

Co-Owners: Trusts - Private, Public Formation - dissolution-Registration - Partnership - Trust, Dissolution

Legal Entities Companies Statutory corporations Registration Societies Registration memorandum of articles - Management- vesting of property winding up-liquidation.

(1) Property:

Movable - immovable - tangible -intangible Ownership-Possession Legal/equitable rights Statutory rights Creation / acquisition - abandonment Holding - enjoyment - maintenance Monopoly rights Transfer- assignment - sale - gift - succession Extinguishment abandonment Renewal

(2) Contracts:

Offer proposal - acceptance - consideration, Damages Creation-continuation - obligation Agency-license-power of attorney Franchise agreements



- Infringement/passing off/ deception, standard Of Care, negligence, strict-liability
- (4) Jurisdiction: Civil - criminal - international Arbitration Registration - disputes Courts.
- (5) international instruments & Organisation Over View or IPR & Cyber Law

PAPER II- Law of Trade Marks:

Evolution and Development of intellectual property Rights. National and International law of Domain Names; and the Geographical $indications\, of\, Goods\, \big(Registration\, and\, Protection\big)$

Act; International Conventions relat ing to Trade Marks. TIRPs. Law relating to, marks & emblems of trade Search importance of procedure for trade marks registration and Examination of trade marks application,opposition, etc.,Rights of registered trade mark owners Civil and Criminal Remedies, infringement proceedings and Defenses. passing off and infringement proceedings in Trade Mark proceedings. Anton pillar order, miscellanous proceedings ratification, Trafficking in Trade Mark, Yard stick for Damages, public interest in Trade mark Laws, Domain name issues and concern.

Reference:

- 1. The Trade Mark Act, 1999 & Rules.
- 2. Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration & Protection) Act.
- 3. Kerly's Law of Trade Marks and Trade Names, Thomas A. BalancoWhite and Robin Jacod(sweet & Maxwell).
- 4. The modern Law of Trade Marks by Christopher Marcom, Ashley



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Roughton and James Graham, 1 stedition, 1999. edition(Butterworths).

- 5. K. S. Shavaksha on Trade and Merchandise Marks Act, 1958
- 6. McCarthy on trade Marks and Unfair Competition (1999 edition) (West Group, U.S A.)
- 7. Intellectual Property by W.R.Cornish (Sweet & Maxwell).
- 8. Narayanan on Trade Marks and Passing Off- fourth edition.

PAPER III - LAW OF COPYRIGHT:

- Evolution and Development of Copy Rights.
- Introduction to law of copy rights meaning and content, Diversity in copy right, its History - Test of originality, exercise of ownership Rights, rights of copy rights holder - Test of determining infringement, ingringement and remedies, Copy Rights and Computer Software. The administration of Copy rights System in India, International Copy Rights Law.
- (iii) Laws of Copy rights including Cable, Broadcasting, Satellite Copyrights infringement on the internet, WCT, WPPT, Law relating to Industrial designs, Layout designs in Integrated circuits, Washingtone D. C. 1989. International Conventions relating to Copyright, including TRIPs Agreement.
 - 1) Evolution and development of Copy Right Law, National Law, International Law, Registration Law, Copy Rights Law
 - 2) Rights of Copy Rights Owners, Economic Law, Moral rights
 - 3) Copy rights & Public Interest Duration of Copy Compulsory licenses.
 - 4) Remedies for infringement of copy Rights, Civil Administrative remedies.
 - 5) Neighboring rights, Reformer rights, righted of Rights of Broadcasting Organization.



6) Copy rights & Technological development, Copy rights, Future of copy rights in India.

Reference:

- 1. The Copyrights Act, 1 957.
- Cosigner and Slone James on Copyrights, (Sweet and Maxwell).
- 3. The Modern Law of Copyright and Designs by Hugh Laddies, Peter Prescott and Mary Vitoria (Butter- Worths).
- 4. Nimmer on Copyright in 10 volumes (edition 2000) Mathew Bender.

PAPER IV -LAW OF PATENTS:

Patent Co-operation Treaties, TRIPs, The Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmer's Rights Act 2007, International Treaties, Patent and Pharmaceuticals Patent and Public Interest, Infringement of Patents History of Indian Patent System, conditions for valid patent concepts like Novelty Utility, non-obviousness subject matter patentable under the statute, Application procedure - mandatory forms check list in preparing applications - provisional and complete specification, concept of priority, Examination of patent application first examination report, opposition to grant of patents/sealing of patents/Renewal of patents/life span etc., Infringement of patents miscellaneous proceedings, Revocation, compulsory licensing, Nationalization in public interest, Rights of patents inventions, design Act, Trade secrets and confidential information.

Reference:

- 1. The Patent Act, 1970 & Rules.
- 2. Terrell on Law of Patents by Simon Thorley, Richard Miller, Guy Burkill and Colin Birss(Sweet & Maxwell).



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- 3. Patent Law by P.Narayanan.
- Patent Co-operation Treaty Handbook by Chactered I:as"YuYe of Patent Agents (Sweet & Maxwell).
- 5. Patent for inventions and the Protection of Industrial Designs by Thomas A. Balanco White, 1974 Edition (Stevens & Sons).
- $6. \ \ Patent for Invention and the protection of Industrial Designs$ - 5th edition (1983) by Thomas A. Balancowhite (Stevens & Sons).
- 7. The Protection of Plant varieties and Farmer's Rights Act.

PAPER V - PRACTICAL TRAINING AND PROJECT WORK VISIT TO -

- Patent office, Trade Mark office
- Copyright Board/Sociery
- 2 weeks at IP Lawyers Office for observing and recording court
- 2 weeks opposition Proceedings Patents/Trade marks.
- A project on contemporary issues visa vise IP(15000 words)

Note: Each paper will be 100 marks. Paper V will be of practical Training(40 marks) + Project work(60 marks). (Diary to be signed by the concern officer in charge)

♦ MINIMUM QUALIFICATION FOR ADMISSION:

Candidate seeking admission for DLL IPR Taxation law and Criminal law must have passed the Bachelor's Degree Examination of the University in any faculty or a corresponding degree examination of any other University recognized as equivalent there to,



♦ LECTURE TIMINGS:

For DLL and IPR: $4.00\,p.m.$ to $8.00\,p.m.$ For Taxation: $3.00 \, p.m.$ to $8.00 \, p.m.$

♦ ATTENDANCE:

Rules with regard to attendance for the diploma courses are similar to the rules of faculty of Law.

♦ EXAMINATION: Diploma examinations are held at the ends of the every academic year and examination schedule is announced by the College authorities.

♦ SYLLABUS FOR DLL & LW:

Paper II : Social Security Legislation

Paper I : Industrial Relations	100 Marks
Paper II : Social Security Legislation	100 Marks
Paper III: Law of Wages and Principles of Waste Fixat	tion 100 Marks
Paper IV: Legislation affecting conditions of work	100 Marks
Paper V: Field Work	100 Marks

100 Marks

Note: Field work and viva-voce examination will be conducted by the concerned teachers appointed by the College. The field work and viva $voce\,shall\,be\,examined\,by\,the\,Teacher\,In\text{-}charge\,of\,the\,field\,work\,in\,the$ institution concerned and one or more external examiners.



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♦ SYLLABUS FOR DIPLOMA IPR:

Paper I: Introduction of Legal Concepts & Legal Systems 100 Marks Paper II : Law of Trade Marks Paper III : Law of Copyright

100 Marks Paper IV: Law of Patents 100 Marks

Paper V : Practical Training and Project Work visit to: (Diary to be signed by the concerned officer in charge)

Note: Each paper will be 100 marks. Paper V will be practical training (40 marks) + Project work (60 marks) Field work and viva-voce examinations will be conducted by the college etc. The journals and study tour reports must reach the university at least three weeks before the commencement of the examination.

♦ SYLLABUS FOR DIPLOMA IN TAXATION LAW:

	THE THE PARTY OF LAWY.	
1)	General Laws affecting Taxation	100 Marks
	Income Tax	
	Wealth Tax and Gift Tax	100 Marks
		100 Marks
4)	Central and State Sales Tax Laws	100 Marks
5)	Book Keeping and Accountancy	
		100 Marks

PERMANENT DATES FOR ACCEPTING EXAMINATION FORMS FIRST HALF (MAY EXAMINATION)

Without Late Fees 11 Nov. to 25 Nov. With Late Fees Rs. 100/- -2-Dec. to 16-Dec. With Late Fees Rs. 500/- -21-Dec. to 28-Dec.



♦ STANDARD FOR PASSING THE EXAMINATION ♦

- a. Each paper shall carry 100 marks. a. Each paper snancarry and an 40% marks in each paper and an b. A candidate who secures minimum 40% marks in each paper and an
- A candidate will see and an aggregate of 50% on whole shall be declared to have passed in
- Second class.

 c. A candidate who secures minimum 40% of marks in each paper and A candidate who shall be declared to have passed in the first class. 60% in aggregate shall be declared to have passed in the first class.
- d. In addition to paragraphs (b) and (c) above if a candidate secures 75% and above marks in any subject he shall be declared to have $obtained\,Distinction\,in\,the\,said\,course.$

Rules regarding exemption: The candidate who obtains at least 50 percent of the total marks in at least two papers shall at his option be exempted from the paper/s at a subsequent examination. He shall however has to pass in the remaining paper/s in accordance with the standard of passing laid down above.

PASSING OF PAPER - V i.e. FIELD WORK BEFORE UNIVERSITY THEORY EXAMINATION IS MUST.

♦ COLLEGE TERMS SCHEDULE ◆ For 2021-2022

Terms details will be displayed on the College Notice Board.